

Mark Scheme (Results)

March 2013

GCSE Mathematics (2MB01) Foundation
5MB1F (Calculator) Paper 01

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NOTES ON MARKING PRINCIPLES

- 1 All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- 2 Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- 3 All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- 4 Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- 5 Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- 6 Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of QWC, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:
 - i) *ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear*
Comprehension and meaning is clear by using correct notation and labelling conventions.
 - ii) *select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter*
Reasoning, explanation or argument is correct and appropriately structured to convey mathematical reasoning.
 - iii) *organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.*
The mathematical methods and processes used are coherently and clearly organised and the appropriate mathematical vocabulary used.

7 With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If it is clear from the working that the “correct” answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks. Send the response to review, and discuss each of these situations with your Team Leader.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks. Discuss each of these situations with your Team Leader.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

8 Follow through marks

Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working since you can check the answer yourself, but if ambiguous do not award.

Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

9 Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: e.g. incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect e.g. algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

10 Probability

Probability answers must be given as fractions, percentages or decimals. If a candidate gives a decimal equivalent to a probability, this should be written to at least 2 decimal places (unless tenths).

Incorrect notation should lose the accuracy marks, but be awarded any implied method marks.

If a probability answer is given on the answer line using both incorrect and correct notation, award the marks.

If a probability fraction is given then cancelled incorrectly, ignore the incorrectly cancelled answer.

11 Linear equations

Full marks can be gained if the solution alone is given on the answer line, or otherwise unambiguously indicated in working (without contradiction elsewhere). Where the correct solution only is shown substituted, but not identified as the solution, the accuracy mark is lost but any method marks can be awarded.

12 Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

13 Range of answers

Unless otherwise stated, when an answer is given as a range (e.g 3.5 – 4.2) then this is inclusive of the end points (e.g 3.5, 4.2) and includes all numbers within the range (e.g 4, 4.1)

Guidance on the use of codes within this mark scheme

M1 – method mark
A1 – accuracy mark
B1 – Working mark
C1 – communication mark
QWC – quality of written communication
oe – or equivalent
cao – correct answer only
ft – follow through
sc – special case
dep – dependent (on a previous mark or conclusion)
indep – independent
isw – ignore subsequent working

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Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1	(a)		6, 7, 4, 3	2	M1 for at least 2 correct frequencies or 2 correct tallies A1 for all frequencies correct (with or without the tally column completed or incorrectly completed)
	(b)		Bus	1	B1 ft from frequency column or from tally column if different to frequency
2	(a)		3	2	M1 for ordering at least 8 of the numbers or indicating the middle value of the unordered numbers A1 cao
	(b)		8	2	M1 for 9 – 1 (accept 1 – 9 or 9 to 1 or 1 to 9) A1 cao
3	(a)		grams or kilograms	1	B1 for grams or kilograms
	(b)		litres	1	B1 for litres, accept any cubic unit
	(c)		metres	1	B1 for metres, accept millimetres

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Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
4	(a)		4	1	B1 cao
	(b)		5	1	B1 cao
	(c)			2	B1 cao for Match 6 B1 cao for Match 7
5	(a)		1.45	1	B1 cao
	(b)	1.15 + 2.49	3.64	2	M1 for 1.15 + 2.49 A1 cao
	(c)		B and D	2	M1 for adding two of the prices or 3.94 – ‘any price’ A1 for B and D in any order SC B1 for answer of 1.45 and 2.49 if M0 scored
6			$\frac{1}{8}$	1	B1 for $\frac{1}{8}$ oe
7	(a)		$\frac{1}{2}$	1	B1 for mark at $\frac{1}{2}$ within overlay
	(b)		$\frac{1}{6}$	1	B1 for mark at $\frac{1}{6}$ within overlay
	(c)		1	1	B1 for mark at 1 within overlay

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Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
*8			Comparison leading to £4.32	3	M1 for a method to work out the cost of 36 pencils M1 for a process that leads to a comparison C1 dep on a previous M1 for a clear statement/indication that Oliver spends £4.32 or that it is cheaper to buy the pencils singly with £4.32 seen NB Working can be in pounds or pence
9	(a)		2.5	1	B1 cao
	(b)		2008	1	B1 cao
	(c)		Correct statement	1	B1 for a correct statement, e.g. profit increased, profit went up by 2 million pounds
10			7	3	M1 for $4 \times 6 (= 24)$ or $4 + 6 + 7 (= 17)$ M1 (dep) for “24” – “17” A1 cao
11			C,H C,A C,S P,H P,A P,S F,H F,A F,S	2	B2 for all 9 correct combinations with no incorrect combinations or duplicates (B1 for at least 4 correct combinations, i.e. (C, H) and 3 more)

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Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
*12			Diagram or chart	4	<p>B1 for a key, or suitable labels, to identify minimum and maximum temperatures.</p> <p>B1 for diagram(s) or chart(s) set up for comparison, showing data for at least 4 months, e.g. dual bar chart, line graph, etc</p> <p>B1 for correct heights for minimum temperatures or maximum temperatures, dependent on a linear scale</p> <p>C1 for a fully correct diagram or chart to include 5 months labelled and temperature axis correctly scaled and labelled</p>
13			490	4	<p>M1 for $\frac{1}{10} \times 700 (= 70)$</p> <p>M1 for $\frac{1}{5} \times 700 (= 140)$</p> <p>M1 (dep on M1) for $700 - ("70" + "140")$</p> <p>A1 cao</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1 for $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{5}$ or $\frac{3}{10}$ oe</p> <p>M1 for $1 - \frac{3}{10}$ or $\frac{7}{10}$ or $\frac{3}{10} \times 700$ or 210</p> <p>M1 (dep on M1) for $\frac{7}{10} \times 700$ or $700 - "210"$</p> <p>A1 cao</p>

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Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
14		$2x$ $x+3$ $x+2x+x+3$	$x+2x+x+3$	2	M1 $2x$ or $x+3$ A1 $x+2x+x+3$ oe
*15			Yes	6	B1 283 or 285 M1 for working out the total cost of 2 adults one way or 1 adult both ways M1 for a correct method for calculating a child fare as 75% of an adult fare for one or both journeys M1 for working out the total cost for 2 adults and 1 child A1 for 1562 or 38 C1 dep on a previous M1 for correct conclusion ft for their total cost (identified) provided it is written with a £ sign.

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Question		Working			Answer	Mark	Notes																				
16		<table border="1"><tr><td></td><td>TT</td><td>D</td><td>S</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td><u>7</u></td><td>12</td><td>4</td><td><u>23</u></td></tr><tr><td>G</td><td>4</td><td><u>8</u></td><td><u>5</u></td><td>17</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>11</td><td>20</td><td><u>9</u></td><td><u>40</u></td></tr></table>				TT	D	S		B	<u>7</u>	12	4	<u>23</u>	G	4	<u>8</u>	<u>5</u>	17		11	20	<u>9</u>	<u>40</u>	11	4	M1 for a 2-way table or diagram showing at least 3 pieces of information correctly placed M1 17 girls or 4 boys with slalom skis M1 12 boys with downhill skis or 4 girls with twin tips A1 cao OR M1 for 40 – 23 (= 17) M1 for one part subtraction ie “17” – 8 or “17” – 5 M1 for (“17” – 8) – 5 or (“17” – 5) – 8 A1 cao
	TT	D	S																								
B	<u>7</u>	12	4	<u>23</u>																							
G	4	<u>8</u>	<u>5</u>	17																							
	11	20	<u>9</u>	<u>40</u>																							
17	(a)				Two different reasons	2	B2 for TWO aspects from No time frame given Non-exhaustive responses Responses not specific (B1 ONE correct aspect)																				
	(b)				Question	2	B1 for a question with a time frame for frequency of use B1 for at least 3 correctly labelled response boxes (non-overlapping, need not be exhaustive) OR for a set of response boxes that are exhaustive (could be overlapping) [Do not allow inequalities in response boxes]																				
	(c)				Two different reasons	2	B2 for TWO different aspects (B1 for ONE aspect) Too small a sample, time of day, specific day, place, same type of people, not random																				

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